

MOSOV, S.D.; BUIKEVICH, V.B.; LEVINA, S.S.; METEL'KOVA, Ye.M.; PESIKOVA, M.I.;  
FILICHEVA, Z.V.

Reducing hospitalization time in scarlet fever. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.  
i immun. no.3:19-23 Mr '54. (MLRA 7:4)

1. Iz kafedry detskikh infektsionnykh bolezney (zaveduyushchiy - profes-  
sor S.D.Mosov) Ivanovskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (Scarlet fever)

S/126/62/013/005/026/031  
E073/E435

AUTHORS: Levina, S.S., Novogradskiy, V.N., Fakidov, I.G.

TITLE: Galvanomagnetic properties of the ferrimagnetic compound Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>

PERIODICAL: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, v.13, no.5, 1962,  
782-783

TEXT: The temperature dependence of the transverse galvanomagnetic effect of Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> was investigated using the same technology as that used by K. Yasukochi et al (J. Phys. Soc., Japan, 1960, 15, 932). The compensation temperature of the specimen was 130°C. The electric resistance was measured by means of compensation equipment, having a sensitivity of  $2 \times 10^{-8}$  volt/scale division. Preliminary conclusions:

1. The temperature dependence of the electric conductivity of Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> is similar to that of metals.
2. According to a plot of the temperature dependence for an external field intensity of 16000 Oersted, the transverse galvanomagnetic effect changes in sign on passing through the compensation temperature in a like manner to the

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S/126/62/013/005/026/031  
E073/E435

Galvanomagnetic properties ...

longitudinal effect in  $\text{Li}_2\text{O} \cdot 2.5\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 2.5\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$ .

A change in the sign  $\Delta R_{\perp}/R$  was observed in a substance containing other magneto-active ions and having a type of conductivity different from that of the ferrite (lithium chromite) used by Belov et al (ZhETF, 1960, 39, 1914). This permits assuming that the change in sign in a magnetic field in the neighbourhood of the compensation point is a characteristic property of a number of ferrimagnetics having such a point. There is 1 figure.

[Abstractor's note: Slightly abridged translation.]

ASSOCIATION: Institut fiziki metallov AN SSSR  
(Institute of Physics of Metals AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: September 10, 1961.

Card 2/2

LEVINA, S.S.; NOVOGRUDSKIY, V.N.; FAKIDOV, I.G.

Odd component of the galvanomagnetic effect in the ferrimagnetic compound Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>. Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 45 no.2:52-55 Ag  
'63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Institut fiziki metallov AN SSSR.  
(Ferrimagnetism)

43120

8/181/62/004/011/019/049

B104/B102

24.2200

**AUTHORS:** Levina, S. S., Novogradskiy, V. N., and Pakidov, I. G.**TITLE:** The magnetic properties of the intermetallic compound  $Mn_5Ge_2$ **PERIODICAL:** Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 4, no. 11, 1962, 3185 - 3188

**TEXT:** The hysteresis loops and magnetization curves of polycrystalline samples of  $Mn_5Ge_2$  prepared according to the method of K. Yasukochi, K. Kanamatsu and T. Ohoyama (J. Phys. Soc. Japan, 15, 932, 1960) were established using a torsion balance in vacuum. The compensation point, i.e., that temperature at which the magnetic moments of the sublattice balance themselves, was at 122°C. A metallographic investigation showed the presence of a eutectic of  $Mn_5Ge_3 + Mn_{3.25}Ge$  on the boundaries of the large  $Mn_5Ge_2$  crystals, the compound  $Mn_{3.25}Ge$  being paramagnetic. Since this compound is present only in small quantities the magnetic properties of the base material are only slightly affected. At 18° the material has a coercive force of 1000 oersteds, at 200°C it has 3000 oersteds. In the region of the compensation point the coercive force is considerably increased. This behavior resembles that of lithium chromite ferrite

Card 1/2

LEVINA, S.S.; NOVOCRUDSKIY, V.N.; FAKIDOV, I.G.

Galvanomagnetic properties of  $Mn_5Ge_2$  ferrimagnetic compounds.  
Fiz. met. i metalloved. 13 no.5:782-783 My '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Institut fiziki metallov AN SSSR.  
(Ferrates—Magnetic properties)  
(Electromagnetism)

L 16903-63      EWC(k)/EWT(l)/EWP(q)/EWT(m)/PDS    AFFTC/ASD    Pz-4    AT/JD  
ACCESSION NR: AP3005243      S/0056/63/045/002/0052/0055

AUTHOR: Levina, S. S.; Novogradskiy, V. N.; Fakidov, I. G.

66

65

TITLE: Odd component of the galvanomagnetic effect in the ferrimagnetic compound Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>. <sup>P</sup>

SOURCE: Zhur. ekspres. i teoret. fiz. v. 45, no. 2, 1963, 52-55

TOPIC TAGS: manganese germanium compound, ferrimagnetism, magnetoresistance, compensation point, antiferromagnetic vector

ABSTRACT: The magnetoresistance  $\Delta R/R$  of the intermetallic compound Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> was investigated in longitudinal and transverse magnetic fields in order to check on the influence of prior application of a magnetic field to a ferrimagnetic material with a compensation point. Polycrystalline specimens were checked and the maximum field was 16000 Oe. The influence of the location of the potential electrodes with respect to the current electrodes on the measured effect was also checked and found to lie within the limits of the experimental error. The results of the test have shown that prior application of the field does affect the magnetoresistance, and most strongly near the compensation point. It is concluded at the same time that

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L 16903-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3005243

at temperatures far from the compensation point the application of the magnetic field gives rise to the odd component in the magnetoresistance of Mn<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> in both transverse and longitudinal magnetic fields. The odd effect is linearly dependent on the field, and it is suggested that it is an odd function of the antiferromagnetic vector. Orig. art. has 3 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fiziki metallov Akademii nauk SSSR (Metal Physics Institute, Acad. Sci. SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 16Feb63

DATE ACQ: 06Sep63

ENCL: 02

SUB CODE: PH

NO REF SOV: 005

OTHER: 000

Card 2/47

LEVINA, S.S.; NOVOGRUDSKIY, V.N.; FAKIDOV, I.G.

Magnetic properties of the intermetallic compound:  
 $Mn_5Ge_2$ . Fiz. tver. tela 4 no.11:3185-3188 N '62.  
(MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut fiziki metallov AN SSSR, Sverdlovsk.  
(Intermetallic compounds—Magnetic properties)

LEVINA, S. V. Cand. Med. Sci.

Dissertation: "The Electrocardiographic Study of an Extirpated Rabbit Heart Subject to the Action of Analine." Central Inst. for Advanced Training of Physicians. 8 Jul 47.

SO: Vechernyaya Moskva, Jul, 1947 (Project #17836)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, S. V.

S. V. Levina, B. S. Livshits and M. M. Vitsnudel' - "Device for Sending Inductive Signals."

Authors' Certificates, Elektrosvyaz', 1958, No. 7, pp 77.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

BC

a-3

Catalytic trimerization of 1-acetyl- $\Delta^5$ -cyclohexene and 1-acetyl- $\Delta^5$ -cyclohexanone. R. J. LEVINE and D. S. WILSON. U.S. Pat. 3,686,178, 1972—1. Vinyl- $\Delta^5$ -cyclohexene passed over Pt-O at 300–500° in CO yields PhE and ethylcyclohexane. 1-Acetyl- $\Delta^5$ -cyclohexene similarly gives only PhE.  
R. T.

## 410.51A METALLURICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

E-7-17-10-1077

1960-1970

1971-1977

1978-1980

1981-1983

-A  
1951

Synthesis and fundamental constants of mixed sulfides with Cu-Cu carbon atoms. I. N. Tit-Skvortsova, S. Ya. Levin, A. I. Lemova, and T. A. Danilova (M. V. Lomonosov State Univ., Moscow). *Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.R.* 74, 291-4 (1950).—Equimolar amts. of RSH, KOH or NaOH, and RX in EtOH or MeOH are allowed to react by dropwise addn. of RSH to alkali in ROH at steam-bath temp., after which 0.5 hr. at 00-70° completes the formation of RSNa (or RSK); RX is similarly added and after 1.5-2.0 hrs. at 00-70°, the product is washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, and its Et<sub>2</sub>O soln. washed with 10% NaOH. Compds. obtained: *CuPh<sub>3</sub>SPt* (84%), b. 170.5°, m. 21°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5213, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9341; *Pb cyclopentyl sulfide* (65%), b. 130.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5740, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0871; *cyclobutyl decyl sulfide* (62%) b. 161.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4820, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.8840 (heat from Cu<sub>2</sub>Be; the reverse reaction gives only a 17% yield); *cyclopentyl decyl sulfide* (72%), b. 158°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4700, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.8833; *cyclobutyl cyclopentyl sulfide* (67%), b. 110-20°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5118, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.8802, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9042; *1-naphthyl decyl sulfide* (72%), b. 231.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5714, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9042; *1-naphthyl cyclobutyl sulfide* (31.1%), b. 201.2°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5300, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0433; *3,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl cyclobutyl sulfide* (34.0%), prepd. at 120°, heat with RSNa, b. 187.5-8.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5901, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0343. G. M. K.

TITS-SKVORTSOVA, I.N.: LEVINA, S.YA.,

Sulfur Organic Compounds

Transformations of sulfur compounds on contact with an aluminosilicate catalyst. Uch. zap.  
Mosk. un. no. 132, 1950.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions. Library of Congress October 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

LEVINA, S. Ya.

"Synthesis and Catalytic Conversion of Aliphatic Sulfur compounds Through Their Contact With Aluminosilicate Catalyst," I. N. Tita-Skvortsova, S. Ya. Levina, A. I. Leonova, Ye. A. Karaseva, Lab Petroleum Chem, Moscow State U

"Zhur Obshch Khim" Vol XXI, No 2, pp 242-250, 1951

Obtained aliphatic sulfides and disulfides with C<sub>9</sub> and C<sub>10</sub> from corr bromides, and aliphatic mercaptan of C<sub>10</sub> from C<sub>10</sub> disulfide. Concluded from passing compd formed over aluminosilicate catalyst: (1) At 250° mercaptans (decylmercaptan) from sulfides (didecylsulfide) and alkenes (decene-1), at 300° only alkenes. (2) At 300° sulfides (dinonylsulfide) from alkenes and mercaptans. (3) Disulfides (dinonyldisulfide) from mercaptans which are partly converted into alkenes.

PA 176T13

*Organic Chemistry*

CA

Mixed sulfides with 11-20 carbon atoms and their functional congeners. I. N. Titov-Gvozdova, S. Ya. Lutina, A. I. Leonova, and T. A. Danilova (Moscow State Univ., Zhar, Osnachii Khim.) 22, 135-6 (1952).— The compds. were prep'd. by the general procedure in which  $\text{PbCl}_2$  is added to  $\text{NaOH}$  in  $\text{MeOH}$  or  $\text{EtOH}$ , heated 0.5 hr. at 80-70°, then treated with RX, and kept 1-3 hrs. at 0-20°. Phalk and  $\text{CuHgBr}$  (I) gave  $\text{Pb}$  decyl sulfide (94.4%), m.p. 170-1°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6213, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9341.  $\text{PbSH}$ , b.p. 60°,  
n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6994, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0780. I, b.p. 97-8°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6830, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0909. Phalk and cyclopentyl bromide (II) gave 65%  $\text{Pb}$  cyclopentyl sulfide, b.p. [30]°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6740, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0571. II, b.p. 130°,  
n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4900, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.2283. Na cyclohexylthiolate and I gave 63% cyclohexyl decyl sulfide, b.p. 104-5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4923, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9146. Cyclohexanethiol, b.p. 80-1°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4911, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9344; the reversed synthesis of the sulfide gave only 17% yield. K cyclopentylthiolate and I gave 72% cyclopentyl decyl sulfide, b.p. 158°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6768, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.8832. Cyclopentanethiol,  
b. 130°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4910, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9410. I and K cyclopentylthiolate gave 67% cyclopentyl cyclopentyl sulfide, b.p. 119-20°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6118, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9002. 1-CuHgalk and I gave 73% 1-naphthyl decyl sulfide (the reaction requires heating to 120-30°), b.p. 234-5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6714, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9003. 1-CuHg<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> and I gave 2.1, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6002, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0817. Cyclohexyl bromide (III)  
gave 31.4% 2-naphthyl cyclohexyl sulfide, b.p. 311-3°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6316, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0851. III, b.p. 163-4°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4930, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.2337. Na 2-tetrahydronaphthalenylthiolate and cyclohexyl chloride (IV) gave 34.9% 2-tetrahydronaphthyl cyclohexyl sulfide, b.p. 197.5-8.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6000, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0643. Tetrahydro-2-naphthylthiolate, b.p. 181-1.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5972, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0994. IV, b.p. 141°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.46304, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0000. Cyclohexyl bromide  
gave an even lower yield. O. M. Konoplev

\* Lab. Petroleum Chem.

LEVINA, S. Ya.

USSR/Chemistry - Sulfur Compounds,  
Petroleum

1 Jun 52

"Transformation of Some Sulfur Compounds of the Napthene Series Over an Aluminosilica, Catalyst," I. N. Tits-Skvortsova, A. I. Leonova, S. Ya. Levina, Moscow State U imeni M. V. Lomonosova

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol 84, No 4, pp 741-743

Cyclopentanethiol and cyclohexanethiol do not behave alike over an aluminosilica catalyst at 300°. Cyclopentanethiol, losing a mol of H<sub>2</sub>S, becomes cyclopentane. The end product of cyclohexanethiol is methylcyclopentane. Apparently, the following process takes place: cyclohexanethiol, losing an H<sub>2</sub>S mol, becomes cyclohexane; cyclohexane isomerizes into methylcyclopentene which hydrogenates to methylcyclopentane. Dicyclopentyl sulfide becomes cyclopentene over an aluminosilica catalyst at 300°, the sulfur leaving the mol in the form of H<sub>2</sub>S. Dicyclopentyldisulfide is reduced over an aluminosilica catalyst at 300° as a result of destructive hydrogenation into cyclopentane thiol, part of which, losing a mol of H<sub>2</sub>S, turns into cyclopentene.

232T11

Catalytic deoxygenation over aluminum oxide consisting of  $\beta$ -diisopropenyl, diphenyl disulfide,  $\alpha$ -methyl diisopropyl sulfide and  $\beta$ , $\beta$ -dimethylthiobutene. J. M. D. STANNETT AND V. L. LEONARD. U.S. Patent 3,136,661. Filed 1954; issued 1964.

Long-chain alkyl sulfides, e.g.,  $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{S}_2\text{H}$ ,  $n = 1-4$ ,  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{S}_2\text{H}$ ,  $n = 1-4$ , etc., are prepared by reduction of the corresponding alkyl thionates in the presence of aluminum oxide. The reaction is carried out in contact with aluminum oxide at a temperature of about 200°C. for the most characteristic reduction of dimethylthiobutene. Thus,  $\beta$ -Me<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H changes to Me<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H, while dimethylthiobutene is not formed. This yields 2 mole % PhSH, the latter being converted to C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and thiophenol.  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H, in fact, yields  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, which then is converted to MePh.  $\beta$ , $\beta$ -Dimethylthiobutene is totally decomposed, yielding MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> and  $\beta$ -Me<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H and being in part converted to C and H. Reduction of  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H with Zn dust in liquid  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  at 0° gave 78.6%  $\beta$ -MeC(H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H, m.p. 113°; a 21.5% yield was obtained from  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H and 8 mole %  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  in refluxing  $\text{CHCl}_3$  along with a loss of 11%  $\beta$ -MeC(H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H, m.p. 113-114°, m.p. 118-119° (from  $\text{MeC}_2\text{H}_5\text{S}_2\text{H}$ ).  $\text{Ph}_2\text{S}_2\text{H}$ , m.p. 103°, was obtained in 100% yield from  $\text{Ph}_2\text{S}_2\text{H}$  and  $\text{NaH}$  in  $\text{EtO}$ , along with much PhSH and PhS<sub>2</sub>.  $\beta$ -PhC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H, m.p. 47°, was obtained in 95% yield from  $\beta$ -PhC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H and  $\text{NaH}$  in  $\text{EtO}$ .  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H and  $\text{NaH}$  in  $\text{EtO}$  also gave  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, m.p. 100°, and  $\beta$ -MeC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>H, m.p. 100°, in the former of 33.1 g. yield, K.O.H. (KOH) in  $\text{EtO}$  in the presence of 33.1 g. phenol,  $\text{K}_2\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$  (KHSO<sub>4</sub>) in the presence of 33.1 g. phenol, and 100 ml. concd.  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  in an excess of 33.1 g. phenol.

G. M. K.

LEVINA, S. Ya., KARAEVA, Ye. A., TITS-KIVYROVA, I. N. and TECNOVA, A. I.

Catalytic Conversion Over Alumosilicate Catalyst of  $\alpha$ -Thiocresol, Dibenzyl-disulfide, m-Ditolydisulfide and 2, 6-Dimethyl Thianthrene, page 541, Stornik statey po obshchey khimii (Collection of Papers on General Chemistry), Vol I, Moscow-Leningrad, 1953, pages 762-766.

Moscow State U, Chair of Petroleum Chemistry

*USSR*

J Synthesis and catalytic transformations of sulfur compounds of naphthalene series on contact with aluminumsilicate catalyst. L.N. MIRONOVICH, A. I. LEPOVICH, and S. YA. LEVINA (M. V. Lomonosov State Univ., Moscow). *Sverdlovskie Relye*, 2, 1135-1138 (1953). KOH (26.1 g.) in 125 ml. EtOH satd. with H<sub>2</sub>S with cooling and treated at reflux with 71.5 g. cyclopentyl bromide, then refluxed 1 hr. gave 62% *cyclopentanethiol*, b.p. 129-31°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4880, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9550, and 5.3% *cyclopentyl sulfide*, b.p. 133-4°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5140, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9710. A 39.5% yield was obtained from cyclopentylmagnesium bromide and S. The pure thiol had 129.5-30.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4771, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9531; the disulfide b.p. 140.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5482, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0640, formed in 5% yield from the thiol. Cyclopentanethiol gave 1 over aluminumsilicate catalyst at 300° give 33.1% cyclopentene, 16.5% unchanged thiol, 29.1% H<sub>2</sub>S, a little CO<sub>2</sub>, 4.63% olefins, 5.6% O<sub>2</sub>, and 15.2% H<sub>2</sub>; the reaction was run in N stream. Reaction of cyclopentylmagnesium bromide with S gave 60% *cyclohexanethiol*, b.p. 84-9°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.4920, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 0.9419, along with 3.4 g. corresponding disulfide, b.p. 166-8°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5476, d<sub>40</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0178. The thiol passed in N over aluminumsilicate catalyst at 300° gave 43% (on catalyst obtained in 49% yield) methylcyclopentane, 0.1% unchanged thiol, and much H<sub>2</sub>S; the isolation of the hydrocarbons was preceded by treatment with 90% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> to remove unsat'd. compds. (probably cyclohexene). Cyclohexane passed over the catalyst at 300° gave no change. Cyclohexene gave 27% methylcyclopentane and small amounts of methylcyclopentene, along with aromatic substances. Cyclopentene over the aluminumsilicate catalyst at 300° gave no reaction.

Out K

reaction of cycloaliphatic bromide with  $\text{NaS}$  in  $\text{EtOH}$ . Ether was added dropwise to the cold solution of the bromide,  $\text{NaS}$  in  $\text{EtOH}$ , and  $\text{HgCl}_2$ . The solution turned milky white, but did not change color with time. Some reaction had taken place, however, as evidenced by the formation of a precipitate which settled out. After the reaction was completed, the solution was filtered and the filtrate was washed with water. The ether layer was dried over  $\text{CaH}_2$  and the ether was removed by distillation. The residue was purified by crystallization from  $\text{CHCl}_3$ -ether. Yield, 4.35 g. (45%).  $\text{Mp}.$  116°-117°.  $\text{N}_{25}^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.45$ .

Attempts to prepare the sulfide from the sulfide with  $\text{NaS}$  in  $\text{EtOH}$  were unsuccessful. The reaction did not proceed at all.

**2,4-Dinitrophenyl sulfide.** A 10% solution of 2,4-dinitrophenyl bromide in  $\text{CHCl}_3$  was added dropwise to a suspension of  $\text{NaS}$  in  $\text{EtOH}$ . The solution turned milky white, but did not change color with time. Some reaction had taken place, however, as evidenced by the formation of a precipitate which settled out. After the reaction was completed, the solution was filtered and the filtrate was washed with water. The ether layer was dried over  $\text{CaH}_2$  and the ether was removed by distillation. The residue was purified by crystallization from  $\text{CHCl}_3$ -ether. Yield, 4.35 g. (45%).  $\text{Mp}.$  116°-117°.  $\text{N}_{25}^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.45$ .

**2,4-Dinitrophenyl sulfide.** To a suspension of 2,4-dinitrophenyl bromide in  $\text{CHCl}_3$  was added dropwise a 10% solution of  $\text{NaS}$  in  $\text{EtOH}$ . The solution turned milky white, but did not change color with time. Some reaction had taken place, however, as evidenced by the formation of a precipitate which settled out. After the reaction was completed, the solution was filtered and the filtrate was washed with water. The ether layer was dried over  $\text{CaH}_2$  and the ether was removed by distillation. The residue was purified by crystallization from  $\text{CHCl}_3$ -ether. Yield, 4.35 g. (45%).  $\text{Mp}.$  116°-117°.  $\text{N}_{25}^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.45$ .

**2,4-Dinitrophenyl sulfide.** This was prepared by the same procedure as above, except that  $\text{NaS}$  was replaced by  $\text{NaSe}$ . Yield, 4.02 g. (40%).  $\text{Mp}.$  116°-117°.  $\text{N}_{25}^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.45$ .

**2,4-Dinitrophenyl sulfide.** To a solution of 2,4-dinitrophenyl bromide in  $\text{CHCl}_3$  was added dropwise a 10% solution of  $\text{NaS}$  in  $\text{EtOH}$ . The solution turned milky white, but did not change color with time. Some reaction had taken place, however, as evidenced by the formation of a precipitate which settled out. After the reaction was completed, the solution was filtered and the filtrate was washed with water. The ether layer was dried over  $\text{CaH}_2$  and the ether was removed by distillation. The residue was purified by crystallization from  $\text{CHCl}_3$ -ether. Yield, 4.35 g. (45%).  $\text{Mp}.$  116°-117°.  $\text{N}_{25}^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.45$ .

**2,4-Dinitrophenyl sulfide.** This was prepared by the same procedure as above, except that  $\text{NaS}$  was replaced by  $\text{NaSe}$ . Yield, 4.02 g. (40%).  $\text{Mp}.$  116°-117°.  $\text{N}_{25}^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.45$ .

Chemical Abst.  
Vol. 43 No. 5  
Mar. 10, 1954  
Organic Chemistry

Catalytic transformations over aluminosilicate catalyst of thiophen-1, dithioresorcinol, thianthrene, and phenyl sulfide. I. N. Tita-Skvortsova, A. I. Lebedeva, S. Ya. Levina, and R. A. Kadyshev [Moscow State Univ.]. ZAUZ. NERKHOV. Khim. 23, 1023-1031 (1953).—The various S derivs. were passed over the  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-SiO}_2$  catalyst in  $\text{N}_2$  at space velocity 0.25. In all cases  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  evolution was noted.  $\text{PbSII}$  was used at 200°, 300°, and 500°. In all cases the catalyst was a mixt. of liquid and solid products distributed as follows: at 200°  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$ , 49.8, thianthrene 11.1, and  $\text{PhSH}$  7.7; at 300° 42.2, 16.9, and 6.6%. Pesp.; at 500° 30.3, 10-12.7, 16.6-17.7%, resp. Possibly more  $\text{PhSH}$  is retained by the catalyst at the lower than at the higher temp. (500°). Pure thianthrene m. 155° (from  $\text{BIOH}$ ).  $\text{CISO}_2\text{H}$  (1950 g.) heated with 195 g.  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$ , 2 hrs. at 150-60°, cooled, and poured into ice, yielded 70.8% m.- $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8(\text{SO}_2\text{Cl})$  (29.2% pure), m. 81-1.5° (from petr. ether). Thio (75 g.) added to 180 g.  $\text{Zn}$  dust and 200 ml.  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  at 60°, then heated with 20 g.  $\text{Zn}$  10 min. to 70°, cooled, treated with dil.  $\text{HCl}$  (1 kg. concd.  $\text{HCl}$  and 800 ml.  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ), then treated with 25 g. more  $\text{Zn}$  dust, stirred 2 hrs. at 20°, and the resulting ppt. extd. with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  gave 77.7% m.- $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8(\text{SII})$ , m. 26-6.5, b.p. 128-8.5°. Passage of this (29 g.) over the catalyst at 300° gave 23.1% catalyzate contg.  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$  23.8,  $\text{PbSH}$  11.9, 25.3% thianthrene, and 52.1%  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  along with  $\text{CO}$ , 0.26, O 1.2, and H 10.5% in the off-gases. Thianthrene passed over the catalyst at 400° yielded 22% catalyzate which gave 36%  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$ , some  $\text{PbSII}$  and 45% unchanged thianthrene. Addn. of 91 g.  $\text{AlCl}_3$  to 177 g.  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$ , then 8 g.  $\text{S}_8$ ,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$  and 81.6 g.  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$  at 10-13°, stirring 1 hr. without cooling and 1.5 hrs. at 30-40°, treatment with ice, filtration of the org. layer, evapn., soln. in  $\text{MeOH}$ , and refiltration from  $\text{S}$  gave 70.0%  $\text{Ph}_2\text{S}$ , bp 102.5°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5312, d<sub>4</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.1100. This passed over the catalyst at 300° gave 80% catalyzate contg.  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$ , 8, thianthrene 13.7, and  $\text{Ph}_2\text{S}$  55.2%; at 350° the yield was 50% with 29.6%  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$ , 14.8% thianthrene, and a trace of  $\text{Ph}_2\text{S}$ ; at 450°, 45% with 35.3%  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$  and 14.7% thianthrene; at 500°, 56% with 64.5%  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8$  and 11.8% thianthrene.  $\text{PbSII}$  was detected by odor in all cases.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

ZABRODINA, A.S.; LEVINA, S.Ya.

Use of copper for the absorption of halogens in the microdetermination  
of carbon and hydrogen. Zhur.anal.khim. 17 no.5:644-646 Ag '62.  
(MIRA 16:3)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.  
(Carbon--Analysis) (Hydrogen--Analysis) (Halogen compounds)

LEVINA, S.Ye. (Nizhniy Tagil)

Development of the concepts of oogenesis in embryonic and postnatal stages of the mammalian life. Usp.sovr.biol. 48 no.2:207-217 S-O '59.  
(MIRA 13:3)

(OVARY embryol.)  
(OVARY physiol.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, S.Ye.

Development of human ovaries, Biul. MOIP, Otd. biol. 65 no.3:147  
My-Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)  
(OVARIES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, S.Ye.

Observations on gonad morphology in human embryogenesis. Zhur. ob.  
biol. 22 no.3:192-200 My-Je '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Institute of Animal Morphology, U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences,  
Moscow. (EMBRYOLOGY, HUMAN) (GENERATIVE ORGANS)  
(SUDANOPHILIA)

LEVINA, S.Ye.

Role of endocrine activity of the outer zone of the adrenal cortex  
in the "feminization" of external sex organs in the human fetus.  
Dokl. AN SSSR 139 no.4:1012-1013 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Predstavлено академиком I.I. Shmal'gauzenom.  
(ADRENAL CORTEX) (FETUS) (GENERATIVE ORGANS, FEMALE)

LEVINA, S. Ye.

Observations on the endocrine function of adrenal glands in  
human embryogenesis. Dokl. AN SSSR 139 no.5:1266-1268 Ag.  
'61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Predstavleno akademikom Yu.A. Orlovym.  
(ADRENAL GLANDS)  
(EMBRYOLOGY, HUMAN)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, S.Ye.

Participation of suprarenal glands and ovaries in the morphogenesis  
of genitals during the development of human fetus. Biul. MOIP.  
Otd. biol. 67 no.1:158-159 Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:3)  
(FETUS)  
(GENITOURINARY ORGANS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, S.Ye.

Observations on morphology and endocrine function of gonads in  
human embryogenesis. Report No.2. Zhur. ob. biol. 23 no.1:64-71  
'62. (MIRA 15:3)

(EMBRYOLOGY, HUMAN)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, S.Ye.; BELENEV, Yu.N.

Artificial cryptorchism in rats. Biul.eksp. biol. i med.  
54 no.12r94-99 D'62. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Iz Instituta morfologii zhivotnykh imeni A.N.Sovortsova  
AN SSSR i laboratorii endokrinologii Moskovskogo gosudarst-  
vennogo universiteta imeni M.V.Lomonosova. Predstavlena  
deystvital'nym chlenom AMN SSSR A.V.Lebedinskim  
(TESTICLE--ABNORMALITIES AND DEFORMITIES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, S. Ye. (Moskva)

Estrogens in human embryogenesis. Usp. sovr. biol. 55 no.3:  
(MIRA 17:3)  
440-452 My-Je'63

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, S.Ye.; IVANOVA, Ye.A.

Biological determination of hypophyseal luteinizing gonadotropin  
in human embryogenesis. Dokl. AN SSSR 153 no.2:493-496 N '63.  
(MIRA 16:12)  
1. Institut morfologii zhivotnykh im.A.M.Severtsova AN SSSR.  
Predstavлено академиком I.I.Shmal'gauzenom.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, S.Ye.; IVANOVA, Ye.A.

Biological determination of hypophyseal prolactin in human embryogeny. Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no. 4:988-991 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Institut morfologii zhivotnykh im. A.N.Severtsova AN SSSR.  
Predstavleno akademikom A.N.Bakulevym.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, S.Ye. (Moskva, G-2, ul. Vakhtangova, 5, kv.12)

Morphology of human hypophysis in embryogenesis. Arkh. anat.,  
gist. i embr. 48 no.1:78-83 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Laboratoriya histologii (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - doktor biol.  
nauk M.S. Mitskevich) Instituta morfologii zhivotnykh imeni  
Severtsova AN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted July 8, 1963.

LEVINA, S. Yu. (Moskva)

Morbidity in young children. Sov. zdravookhr. 22 no. 3:16-23  
'63 (MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz Nauchno-metodicheskogo byuro sanitarnoy statistiki  
Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR (dir. L.A.Brushlinskaya).

LYAMPERT, I.M., LEVINA, T.A.

The nonspecific character of resistance occurring after parenteral administration of erythrogenic toxin [with summary in English]  
Biul.eksp.biol. i med. 45 no.4:50-52 Ap '58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz otdela detakikh infektsiy (zav. - prof. P.V. Smirnov [deceased])  
i otdela ranevykh infektsiy (zav. - deyastvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR  
G.V. Vygodchikov) Instituta mikrobiologii i epidemiologii imeni  
N.F. Gamalei (dir. - deyastvitel'nyy chlen Vsesoyuznoy akademii sbl'  
skokhozyastvennykh nauk im. Lenina S.N. Murotsev) AMN SSSR, Moskva.  
Predstavlena deyastvitel'nym chленом AMN SSSR G.V. Vygodchikovym.

(ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY REACTIONS,

non-specific resist, occurring after parenteral  
admin. of erythrogenic toxin in rabbits (Rus))

(DIPHTHERIA,

toxin, non-specific resist, after parenteral admin.  
in rabbits (Rus))

LEVINA, T.A.

Phenomena of the rapid increase in resistance in experimental streptococcal infections. Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun. 31 no. 5:40-45 My '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Is Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.  
(STREPTOCOCCAL INFECTIONS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, T.A.

Some results of investigating the sediment regime of a slit-type  
sand and gravel trap. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. energ. no.2:35-37  
'60. (MIRA 14:3)

(Hydraulics)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, T.A.

Nonspecific nature of rapidly developing resistance in experimental streptococcal and typhoid fever infections. Zhur.mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 40 no. 8:49-53 Ag '63. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Is Institutu epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.

ASTAKHOVA, L.N.; UTNITSKAYA, P.M.; LEVINA, T.A.; KURANOVA, L.K.;  
VODYANNIKOVA, A.A.; SUCHIL'NIKOVA, N.A.; MYL'NIKOVA, N.Ye.;  
LYUBOVITSKAYA, V.Z.

Separability of the poliomyelitis virus in those inoculated  
with live attenuated vaccine. Vop. virus 7 no.1:121 Ja-F '62.  
(MIRA 15:3)

1. Sverdlovskiy institut po profilaktike poliomyelita.  
(POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

KOTSAREV, V.N., gvardii podpolkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby; LEVINA, T.A.

Rapid method for determining the sensitivity of microflora to antibiotics and bacteriophages. Voen.-med. zhur. no.7:72-74 '64. (MIRA 18:5)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I., kand.med.nauk

Clinical test of new hypotensiv drug, plegangin. Kardiologija  
2 no.4:31-35 J1-Ag '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Iz ob"yedinennoy kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney  
(zav. - prof. doktor meditsinskikh nauk TS.A.Levina) Odesskogo  
meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.  
(NORBORNANE)

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; GRUZINA, Ye.A., dotsent; DMITRIYEVA, I.T., assistant;  
ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I., assistant; SIVOKONEVA, N.A., assistant;  
YAGODKINA, N.I., assistant (Odessa)

Clinical test of a new spasmolytic substance limit in steno-  
cardia. Klin.med. 40 no.5:67-70 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz ob"yedinennoy kafedry propedevtiki vnutrenniky bolezney  
(zav. - prof. TS.A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta  
imeni N.I. Pirogova (dir. - zasluzhennyj deyatel' nauki prof.  
I.Ya. Deyneka).  
(ANGINA PECTORIS) (VASODILATORS)

LEVINA, Ts. A.

Levina, Ts. A. - "Effect of a mountain climate health resort on the general and regional arterial blood pressure and cardiovascular insufficiency," Vrachet. delo, 1949, No. 2, columns 137-40

So: U-3566, 15 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 14, 1949).

LEVINA, Ts. A.

Levina, Ts. A. "The third supplementary point of auscultation of the heart", Vracheb. delo, 1949, No. 5, paragraphs 461-62.

SO: U-4630, 16 Sept. 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 23, 1949).

22020 Levina, Ia. A. i Motnenko, A. N. V. I. Ul'ev (Perspekt Nekrolog). Vracheb. ucheb., 1949, No. 7, stb. 63-64.

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, No. 29, Moscow, 1949.

LEVINA, TS. A.; TERLETSKAYA, T. M.

Non-medicinal treatment of hypertension and other internal  
diseases with sleep therapy. Sovet. med. no.10:17-19 Oct 1951.  
(CIML 21:1)

1. Prof. Levina. 2. Of the Department of Propedeutics of  
Internal Diseases (Head — Doctor Medical Sciences Prof. Ts.  
A. Levina), Odessa Medical Institute imeni N. I. Pirogov.

LEVINA, TS.A.; BUKSHPAN, M.K.

Effect of vasodilators on blood pressure fluctuations in cerebral forms  
of hypertension. Ter. arkh. 23 no.1:19-21 Jan-Feb 51. (CLML 20:8)

1. Professor Levina; Docent Bukshpan. 2. Of the Faculty and Hospital  
Therapeutic Clinics (Head--Prof. Ts.A. Levina), Odessa Medical Insti-  
tute.

LEVINA, Ts.A., doktor meditsinskikh nauk

Characteristics of the formation of conditioned reflexes in hypertension. Terap.arkh. 27 no.1:28-34 '55. (MLRA 8:7)

1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav. prof. Ts.A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.  
(HYPERTENSION, therapy,  
sleep ther.)  
(SLMEP, therapeutic use,  
hypertension)

LEVINA, TS.A., professor; SHPOLYANSKAYA, B.I.

Determining the rate of flow of venous and arterial blood as a functional diagnosis method in various stages of insufficient blood circulation. Vrach. delo no.1:31-33 Ja '57 (MLRA 10:4)

1. Kafedra propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav.-prof. TS. A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(BLOOD--CIRCULATION, DISORDERS OF) (BLOOD PRESSURE)

LEVINA, T.S.A., prof., GRUZINA, Ye.A., dots., VASIL'Yeva, N.A., ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I.,  
YAUZUKINA, N.I., PAVLOVA, O.V.

Treating stenocardia with nitranol. Sov.med. 22 no.8:119-126 Ag '58  
(MIRA 11:10)

1. Is propedevticheskoy terapevticheskoy kliniki (sav., prof.  
T.S.A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni M.I. Pirogova  
(dir. prof. I.Ya. Deyneka).

(ANGINA, PECTORIS, ther.

aminotrate (Rus))

(NITRITES, ther. use

aminotrate in angina pectoris (Rus))

LEVINA, TS.A., prof., ASENT'YEV, S.B., ROMANOVSKAYA, A.M. (Odessa)

Rheocardiographic method of studying patients with coronary insufficiency. Klin.med. 36 no.8:105-111 Ag '58 (MIRA 11:9)

1. Is kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova i Odesskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pishkonevrologicheskogo instituta.  
(CORONARY DISEASE, physiol.  
rheocardiography in insuff. (Rus))

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; MILOSTANOVA, V.V. (Odessa)

Tissue therapy in pneumosclerosis and pulmonary emphysema.  
Vrach.delo no.2:185-186 F '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Kafedra propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav. - prof.  
TS.A.Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(LUNGS--DISEASES) (EMPHYSEMA, PULMONARY) (TISSUE EXTRACTS)

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I.

Clinical investigations of the effectiveness of the new  
hypotensive drug mecamine. Terap.arkh. 32 no.10:80-83  
'60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki vnytrennikh bolezney (zav. - prof.  
TS.A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(AUTONOMIC DRUGS) (HYPERTENSION)

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; DUBOVYY, Ye.D., prof.; GRUZINA, Ye.A., dotsent

Treatment of cardiovascular diseases and circulatory insufficiency with radioactive iodine. Vrach.delo no.2:201 F '60.  
(MIRA 13:6)

1. Kafedra propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav. - prof. TS.A. Levina) i kafedra rentgenologii i radiologii (zav. - prof. Ye.D. Dubovyy) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM--DISEASES) (IODINE--ISOTOPES)

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; RYVKIN, A.I., zasluzhennyj vrach USSR

Results of the certification of therapeutists. Vrach.delo no.5:  
511-513 My '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Glavnyy terapeut Nikolayevskogo oblastnogo zdravotdela (for  
Ryvkin).  
(NIKOLAEV PROVINCE--THERAPEUTICS)

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.

Principles and some methods of treating hypertension. Vrach.  
delo no.7:3-9 Jl '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Propedevticheskaya terapeuticheskaya klinika (zaveduyushchiy -  
prof. TS.A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(HYPERTENSION)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, T.S.A.) SEREBRINA, L.A.

So-called malignant hypertension. Terap. arkh. 32 no. 4:85-88 S '60.  
(MIRA 14:1)

(HYPERTENSION)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, TS.A.; PAVLOVA, O.V.

Role of neurogenic factors in the development of diseases of the blood.  
Trudy Kiev. nauch.-issled. inst. perel. krovi i neotlozh. khir. 3:183-187  
'61. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Propedevticheskaya terapeuticheskaya klinika Odesskogo meditsinskogo  
instituta imeni N.I. Pirgova.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, TS.A.; DMITRIYEVA, I.T.

Differential diagnosis of leukemia and leukemoid reactions. Trudy Kiev.  
nauch.-issl. inst. perel. krovi neotlczh. khir. 3:201-204 '61.  
(MIRA 17:10)

1.1. Ob"yedinennaya propedevticheskaya terapeuticheskaya klinika  
Odesskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Pirogova.

LEVINA, TS.A., doktor med.nauk, prof.; ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I., kand.med.nauk

Treatment of hypertension with tropaphen. Sov.med. 25 no.4:67-70  
Ap '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova (dir. - zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauk prof. I.Ya.Deyneka).  
(HYPERTENSION) (PROPIONIC ACID)

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; GRUZINA, Ye.A., dotsent; DMITRIYEVA, I.T.;  
ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I.; SIVOKONEVA, N.A.; YAGODKINA, N.I.

Treatment with persanthine of stenocardia. Vrach.delo no.10:20-26  
0 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Kafedra propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav. - prof. TS.A.  
Levina) Odeskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(ANGINA PECTORIS) (PYRIMIDINES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

IEVINA, IS.A.

Nitranol therapy of patients with stenocardia. Khim. i med.  
no.16:44-50 '61. (MIRA 17:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, TS.A., prof.; GRUZINA, Ye.A., dotsent; DMITRIYEVA, I.T.;  
ROMANOVSKAYA, A.I.; SIVOKOMEVA, N.A.; YAGODKINA, N.I.

Study of the effectiveness of the spasmolytic agent diatafen  
(etafen) in stenocardia. Sov. med. 27 no.12:103-106 O '64.  
(MIRA 18:11)

1. Ob"yedinennaya kafedra propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney  
(zav.- prof. TS.A. Levina) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta  
imeni Pirogova.

LEVINA, T.B.

Dynamics of an unconditioned defense reflex in adaptation reactions  
of the body according to electrocardiographic data. Uch.zap. MGPI  
84;43-46 '55. (MIRA 9:11)

1. Iz kafedry fiziologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo pedagogicheskogo  
instituta imeni V.I.Lenina, zav. kafedroy prof. V.M.Kas'yanov.  
(REFLEXES) (ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY)

SUDOPLOTOV, A.P., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., red.; YEROFEYEV, V.F.,  
otv. red.; VESKOV, M.I., otv. red.; ARKHIPOV, N.A., red.;  
ZHUKOVA, A.P., red.; RYKOVA, Z.L., red.; CHIZHO'A, V.V.,  
red.; KUFTSOVA, Ya.M., red.; LEVINA, T.I., red.

[Coal mining without the constant presence of miners at  
the working faces; materials] Razrabotka ugol'nykh plastov  
bez postolannogo nakhozdeniya rabochikh v zabe; materialy.  
Pod red. A.P. Sudoplatova. Moskva, TSentr. inst. tekhn.  
informatsii ugol'noi promyshli., 1960. 251 p.

(MIRA 18:8)

1. Nauchno-metodicheskoye soveshchaniye po izyskaniyu sistem  
razrebotki bez postoyannogo nakhozdeniya rabochikh v zabye,  
Moscow, 1960. 2. TSentral'nyy institut tekhnicheskoy informa-  
tsii ugol'noy promyshlennosti (for Kuptsova, Levina, Arkhipov,  
Zhukova, Rykova, Chizhova).

PETRENKO, P.V.; EL'KIN, I.L.; KAZAKOV, S.S.; VOZHIK, D.L.; DENISOV,  
V.V.; PUCHKOV, V.I.; BOGUTSKIY, N.V.; SAVEL'YEV, I.P.;  
KOLENTESEV, M.T.; MERKULOV, N.Ya.; VERKLOV, V.A.;  
OVSYANNIKOV, P.A.; SOSNOV, V.D., otv. red.; CHIZHOVA, V.V.,  
otv.red.; ZHUKOVA, A.P., red.; LEVINA, T.I., red.; PRONINA,  
N.D., tekhn. red.; OVSEYENKO, V.G., tekhn. red.

[Practice of using cutterloaders] Opyt ispol'zovaniia ochi-  
stnykh kombainov; sbornik statei. Moskva, 1962. 102 p.  
(MIRA 16:2)

1. TSentral'nyy institut tekhnicheskoy informatsii ugol'noy  
promyshlennosti.  
(Coal mining machinery)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

KREMENETSKIY, I.Ya. (Moskva); LEVINA, T.N. (Moskva)

New factory in Moscow. Shvein.prom. no.4:32-35 Jl-Ag '63.  
(MIRA 16:9)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

LEVINA, Ts. M.

"Characteristics of the Causative Agents of Dysentery Isolated in the Crimea."  
Cand Med Sci, Crimean Medical Inst, Simferopol', 1954. (RZhBiol, No 7, Apr 55)

SO: Sum. No. 704, 2 Nov 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations  
Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (16).

USSR/Medicine - Dysentery

Card 1/1

Authors : Domrachev, V. M. and Levina, Ts. M.

Title : Concerning the problem of immunological reaction responses of dysentery patients.

Periodical : Zhur. mikrobiol. epid i immun. 4, 56-60, Apr 1954

Abstract : Correlations between clinico-bacteriological and clinico-immunological examinations of dysentery patients are discussed in detail. Biochemical characteristics, agglutinability of corresponding patient anti-serums and cultures, phagolyzability, and resistance to synthemycin were investigated. Agglutination reactions were used to determine both the immunological reaction responses of the patients, and the antigenicity of the given strains of dysentery bacilli. The results are given in chart form. No references are cited.

Institution : Clinic of Infectious Diseases (Head-Prof.V. M. Domrachev) of the Crimean Medical Institute im I. V. Stalin and the Crimean Oblast Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology (Director - Docent P. A. Korolev)

Submitted : July 13, 1953

KLIMOV, K.V.; LEVINA, TS.M.; KUSHNEVA, T.N.

Determination of the sensitivity of dysentery bacilli to antibiotics of the tetracycline group using the diffusion in the agar method. Antibiotiki 10 no.6; 544-546 Je '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Kafedra infektsionnykh bolezney (zav. - prof. V.M. Domrachev) Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta i 2-ya gorodskaya Bol'nitsa, Simferopol'.

LEVINA, TS.M.

Authors' abstracts. Zhur.mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 42 no.2:142-143  
F '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Simferopol'skaya 2-ya bol'nitsa.

LEVINA, V. A.

V. A. Levina, D. M. Orezov, and G. A. Pugachenkova, Arkhitektura turkmenskogo narodnogo zhilishcha (Architecture of Turkman Folk Dwellings), Press for Literature on Building and Architecture, 7 sheets.

The booklet generalizes on the material obtained by the South Turkmen Combined Archeological Expedition. The authors describe the architecture of dwellings of the 18th and 19th centuries, of the southern, and southeastern regions of the Turkmen SSR.

The booklet is of interest to architects, builders, historians, ethnographers, art experts, and other specialists.

SO: U-6472, 18 Nov 1958

LEVINA, V.A., starshiy inzhener

The operation of EMW rectifiers is more stable now. Elek. i  
tepl. tsiaga 4 no.5;21-22 My '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Uchastok energosнabzheniya Panki, Moskovskoy dorogi.  
(Electric substations) (Electric current rectifiers)  
(Electric railroads--Equipment and supplies)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, V. D.

"On the Cholagogic Action of Deciolin," Farmakol. i "oksikol., 4, No. 2, 1941.

Mos., Dept. New Organopreparations, Ukr. Central Inst. Endocrinology & Organotherapy.

1941-.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

VORONIN, A.V.; LEVINA, V.I.; MAMITONOVA, N.V.

Problem of selecting the parameters of electric power supply  
systems for electric traction. Elek. zhel dor. no. 2:6-27  
'60. (MIRA 14:2)  
(Electric railroads--Current suppl.)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

BELOV, N.P.; LEVINA, V.I.; ZHUKOVA, R.A.; ROYZIN, M.B.; PEREVERZEV,  
V.N.; MANAKOV, K.N.; BARANOVSKAYA, A.V., kand. geol.-miner.,  
red.; ZAMOTKIN, N.Ya., red.; CHEREVATYY, P.P., tekhn. red.

[Soils of Murmansk Province and the improvement of their  
fertility] Pochvy Murmanskoi oblasti i povyshenie ikh  
plodorodiia. [By] N.P.Belov i dr. Kirovsk, Izd-vo  
"Kirovskii rabochii," 1963. 117 p. (MIRA 17:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, V.I.

Distribution of the complex with *Recurvoides scherkalyensis* in  
Upper Jurassic sediments in the southwestern part of the West  
Siberian Plain. Trudy SNIIGGIMS no. 23:80-87 '62. (MIRA 16:9)  
(West Siberian Plain—Foraminifera, Fossil)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

SUKIASYANTS, Grigoriy Nikitovich; LEVINA, Valentina Ivanovna;  
ZHUKOV, G.I., red.; YEVDOKIMOVA, Z.N., tekhn.red.

[Drugs manufactured by industrial enterprises of the  
U.S.S.R. for public health] Meditsinskie preparaty vy-  
puskaemye promyshlennymi predpriatiiami SSSR dlia zdravo-  
okhraneniia. Moskva, Medgiz, 1956. 138 p. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznaya promyshlennaya vystavka.

LEVINA, V. I.

## PART I BOOK EXPLORATION Sov/7216

Sovietianye po elektrokhimii. 4th. Moscow, 1956.

Trety... [internal] (Proceedings of the Fourth Conference on Electrochemistry) [Collection of Articles]. Moscow, Izd-vo Akademiya Nauk SSSR, 1959. 668 p. Errata slip inserted. 2,500 copies printed. Publishing Agency: Akademicheskaya kniga. Odesskiye uchislennye knizhnye marki.

Editorial Board: A.M. Frumkin (Chairp. Ed.), Academician, G.A. Yushin, Professor; S.I. Zhdanov (Resp. Secretary), S.I. Laktionov, Professor; Yu.N. Matyrenko, Doctor of Chemical Sciences, and the Institute of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, USSR. The collection pertains to different branches of electrochemical kinetics, double layer theories and catalysis, galvanic processes in metal electrode potential and industrial electrolysis. Abrupted discussions are given at the end of each division. The majority of reports not included here have been published in periodical literature. Some personalities are mentioned. References are given at the end of the articles.

CONTENTS: The book contains 127 of the 138 reports presented at the Fourth Conference on Electrochemistry sponsored by the Department of Chemical Sciences and the Institute of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, USSR. The collection pertains to different branches of electrochemical kinetics, double layer theories and catalysis, galvanic processes in metal electrode potential and industrial electrolysis. Abrupted discussions are given at the end of each division. The majority of reports not included here have been published in periodical literature. Some personalities are mentioned. References are given at the end of the articles.

A.A. Zhdanov-Gor'kiy Polytechnic Institute Izdat. Akad. Nauk SSSR. Influence of Aging Processes on the Work of Alkaline Zinc Elements 768

Lukertsev, P.D. Theory of Chemical Sources of Current 773  
Electrodes of Oxide 773  
Lukertsev, S.A. and L.I. Laktionov. Mechanism of the Activation of Anodic Electrode-Titanium-Zinc Additions of Nickel Oxides 781

Malashova, M.A., E.A. Lomakina, and L.D. Korota [Institute of Electrochemistry, Academy of Sciences, USSR]. Using Taged Atoms to Study Processes in Chemical Sources of Current 799

Dmitriev, R.R., M.L. Mants, V.M. Sopronova, and M.V. Sopronova [Nauchno-Issledovatel'skiy Institut Elektrokhimii i Polimerov, M. V. Lomonosovskiy Universitet, Sovet. SSSR - Scientific Research Institute of Electrochemistry, overall SSSR - Scientific Research Institute of Metal and Organ Communications Ministry of Communications, USSR]. Investigation of Fuel Cells 805

Shurshikov, N.N., and R. Kh. Butrymov [Institute for Electrophysics, Akad. Nauk, Moscow]. Iron-Carbon Element 801

Lavrov, O.I. [Institute of Electrochemistry, Academy of Sciences, USSR]. Effect of Salt or Oxide Layers Formed in Discharge or Charging Processes on the Passivation of Battery Electrodes 807

Selishcheva, S.P. and L.H. Leont'eva. Influence of Cathodic Polarization at Low Temperatures on the Anode Potential of an Iron Electrode in an Alkaline Solution 811  
Discussion [S.A. Gantman, M.S. Liderman, P.P. Yudovit, A.P. Ksenofontov and contributing authors] 814

PART X. ELECTROLYSIS IN THE CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

Card 32/34

Card 32/34

LEVINA, V.I.

Estimating the yearly amount of organic matter shed by trees in  
two types of pine forests on the Kola Peninsula. Bot. zhur. 45  
no.3:418-423 Mr '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Polyarno-al'piyskiy botanicheskiy sad Akademii nauk SSSR,  
g.Kirovsk.  
(Kola Peninsula--Forest litter)

LEVINA, V.I.

Mineral element exchange between moss-lichen undergrowth and soils in two different types of pine forest on the Kola Peninsula. Pochvovedenie no.5 30-42 My '60. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Kol'skiy filial imeni S. M. Kirova Polyarno-el'piyskiy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR.  
(Kola Peninsula—Minerals in soil)

LEVINA, V.I.

Age of the producing layer in the Berezovo gas-bearing region. Trudy  
SNIIGGIM no.26:29-33 '62. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Berezovo region (Tyumen' Province)—Geological time)

ACC NR: AP6030629

(A, N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/613/66/660/016/017/018

INVENTOR: Kakovina, V. G.; Corbacheva, V. V.; Levina, V. K.

ORG: none

TITLE: A method of removing scale from the surface of titanium or its alloys.  
Class 48, No. 185163 [announced by the Progress Plant (Zavod "Progress"))]

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 16, 1966, 125

TOPIC TAGS: titanium, titanium alloy, titanium electrochemical pickling, titanium alloy electrochemical pickling

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method for removing scale from the surface of titanium or its alloys by electrolytic pickling in acid solutions containing sodium fluoride. To improve the surface quality, pickling is done in an electrolyte containing (g/l) 400—500 orthophosphoric acid, 30—40 nitric acid, 40—60 sodium fluoride or 180—200 sulphuric acid, 45—50 sodium fluoride, with an initial anodic current density of 1.0—5 a/dm<sup>2</sup>, at a temperature of 40—50°C for removing scale which was formed below 700°C, or at 70—80°C for removing scale which was formed above 700°C. [WW]

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 01Mar65/ ATD PRESS: 5075

Card 1/1 mT

UDC: 621.357.8.:669.295

ACC NR: AP6036105

(N)

SOURCE CODE: CR/0365/66/002/006/0623/0627

AUTHOR: Fayzullin, F. F.; Levina, V. K.

ORG: Kazan State University im. V. I. Ul'yanov-Lenin (Kazanskiy gosudarstvonnny universitet)

TITLE: Anodic passivation of chromium in alkaline solutions

SOURCE: Zashchita metallov, v. 2, no. 6, 1966, 623-627

TOPIC TAGS: chromium, cathode polarization, corrosion protection

ABSTRACT: The subject of the experiments was electrolytic chromium of 99.9% purity. The electrode was a plate with a total surface of 3 cm<sup>2</sup>. An electronographic study was made of the structure of the surface of the electrode, and the electrolyte was analyzed for sesquivalent chromium. Based on the experimental data, curves are given for: polarization of chromium in 1 and 10 N solutions of KOH; dependence of the concentration of chromate ions in the solution on the potential of the electrode; dependence of the chromium potential on time in anodic polarization; and the potential drop after polarization of chromium in the passivation region. The following conclusions were drawn: 1) the passivity of chromium is due to formation, during the first stage of anodic polarization, of an absorption oxide of the type [Cr-OH]<sub>ads</sub>, which is subsequently transformed into a phase film; 2) the passivated film has a

Card 1/2

UDC: 541.138.2

ACC NR: AP6036105

p-type conductivity; 3) the passage of chromium into solution during the stage of passification takes place through an oxide semiconducting film. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 1 table.

STB CODE: 11, 20/ SUBM DATE: 03Jan66/ ORIG REF: 018/ OTH REF: 008

Card 2/2

LEVINA, V. L.

Levina, V. L. - "Determining the reduction equivalent of fuel minerals", Trudy Vsesoyuz. nauch.-issled. i-ta mineral. syr'ya, Novaya seriya, Issue 1, 1949, p. 45-49.

SO: U-h631, 16 Sept. 53, (Leto is zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 24, 1949).

SOV/81-59-5-16139

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Khimiya, 1959, Nr 5, p 347 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Leyzerzon, M.S., Levina, V.L.

TITLE: The Problem of the Physico-Chemical Methods of Mica Processing

PERIODICAL: Tr. Vses. n.-i. in-ta asbesta, slyudy, asbestotsementn. izdelyi  
i proektir. str-va predpriyatii slyud. prom-sti, 1958, Nr 9,  
pp 127 - 162

ABSTRACT: Data are given on the investigation of the process of mica cleavage, as well as on the testing of various methods for the processing of mica and micanites. The effectiveness was established of applying the physico-chemical processing of mica, phlogopite and muscovite prior to mechanical pinching. It is pointed out that the physico-chemical processing of mica in combination with the mechanical separation of the crystals practiced in the Bulgarian People's Republic, enables one to produce standard micanites, avoiding the stage of obtaining standard pinched mica by means of manual cleavage.

Card 1/1

G. Maslennikova

SHUGAM, Ye.A.; LEVINA, V.I.

Use of x-ray phase analysis in the solution of various problems  
in the production of chemical reagents. Report No.1. Trudy  
IREA no.22:50-52'58. (MIRA 14:6)

(Chemical tests and reagents)  
(X rays—Industrial applications)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, V. M.

STRUGAN, V. A.  
U.S.S.R. AT U.S.S.R.

"The Crystal and Molecular Structure of Block Methylethylene  
carbamate  $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4\text{CH}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{CO}_2$ "

a report presented at Symposium of the International Union of  
Crystalllography, Leningrad, 1957 May 1959

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

GOL'DER, G.A.; ZHDANOV, G.S.; LEVINA, V.M.; NOVOSEL'SKAYA, G.N.; SHUGAM, Ye.A.

Application of X-ray phase analysis in chemical technology. Zav.  
lab. 25 no.2:181-182 '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy fiziko-khimicheskiy institut imeni  
L. Ya. Karpova.  
(X rays--Industrial applications) (Metals--Analysis)

SHUGAM, Ye.A.; LEVIHA, V.M.

$\pi$ -bonds in the molecule of nickel diethyldithiocarbamate. Kristallo-  
grafija 5 no.2:257-260 Mr-Ap '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Vsesoyuznyy institut khimicheskikh reaktivov.  
(Nickel compounds) (Chemical bonds)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

LEVINA, V.P.; FEDCHENKO, L.G.

Traumatic dextroventricular aneurysm of the heart. Vest. khir.  
94 no.1:115-116 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Iz gospital'noy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zav. - dotsent N.N.  
Zemskov) Luganskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

GOROKHOVSKIY, Yu.N.; LUT'IA, V.V.; KOFVA, N.B.

Using the "diatent" method for testing color printing papers.  
Zhur.nauch.i prikl.fot. i kin. 6 no.4:289-293 Jl-ug '61.  
(MIRA 14:11)

1. Gosudarstvennyy opticheskiy institut imeni S.I. Vavilova.  
(Color photography--Printing papers)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7

GOROKHOVSKIY, Yu.N.; LEVINA, V.V.

Efficient sensitivity criterion of black-and-white and color  
photographic materials. Usp. nauch. fot. 8:179-194 '62.  
(MIRA 17:7)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610016-7"

KOZLOV, V.N.; KAZANINA, A. Ye.; LEVINA, V.V.

Esterification of tar and fatty acids of tall oil by means of  
xylitol. Gidroliz. i lesokhim.prom. 14 no.4:9-11 '61.  
(MIRA 14:5)

1. Ural'skiy lesotekhnicheskiy institut.  
(Tall oil)  
(Esterification)

S/058/63/000/001/068/120  
A160/A101

AUTHORS: Gorokhovskiy, Yu. N., Levine, V. V.

TITLE: The rational light-sensitivity criterion of black-and-white and color photographic negative materials

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 1, 1963, 86 - 87, abstract 1D623 ("Uspekhi nauchn. fotogr.", 1962, 8, 179 - 194)

TEXT: Investigated are the various light-sensitivity criteria of black-and-white and color photographic materials, and also the arguments which are in favor of accepting or rejecting these or those photographic materials. In view of the differences of opinion to be found in the literature regarding this problem, experimental investigations were conducted of the practical light-sensitivity of various materials. The practical light-sensitivity was compared with the data of the sensitometric light-sensitivity. The latter was determined when developing up to a given gamma by three criteria ( $D = 0.1, 0.2$ , and  $0.85$  above the fog) for black-and-white materials, and by four criteria ( $C_n^1 = 0.1, 0.2, 0.85$  above the fog for the single colors, and  $D_{eff} = 0.85$  above the fog for the

Card 1/2